

SENATE BILL No. 21

DIGEST OF SB 21 (Updated January 17, 2007 10:07 am - DI ta)

Citations Affected: IC 5-2; IC 10-13; IC 11-8; IC 11-13; IC 25-20.2; IC 31-19; IC 35-43; IC 35-50; IC 36-2; IC 36-3; IC 36-8.

Synopsis: Registry for persons convicted of murder. Changes the name of the sex offender registry to the "sex and violent offender registry" and requires persons convicted of murder to register on the sex and violent offender registry under the same conditions applying to registration by sex offenders. Adds a culpability standard to a criminal statute relating to the use of limited criminal histories. Makes technical corrections.

Effective: July 1, 2007.

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January 8, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure.

January 18, 2007, amended; reassigned to Committee on Corrections, Criminal and Civil Matters.

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First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 21

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 5-2-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2006,

2	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. The institute is established to do the following:
4	(1) Evaluate state and local programs associated with:
5	(A) the prevention, detection, and solution of criminal
6	offenses;
7	(B) law enforcement; and
8	(C) the administration of criminal and juvenile justice.
9	(2) Improve and coordinate all aspects of law enforcement,
10	juvenile justice, and criminal justice in this state.
11	(3) Stimulate criminal and juvenile justice research.
12	(4) Develop new methods for the prevention and reduction of
13	crime.
14	(5) Prepare applications for funds under the Omnibus Act and the

(6) Administer victim and witness assistance funds.

(7) Administer the traffic safety functions assigned to the institute

SB 21-LS 6333/DI 13+

Juvenile Justice Act.



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1	under IC 9-27-2.
2	(8) Compile and analyze information and disseminate the
3	information to persons who make criminal justice decisions in this
4	state.
5	(9) Serve as the criminal justice statistical analysis center for this
6	state.
7	(10) Identify grants and other funds that can be used by the
8	department of correction to carry out its responsibilities
9	concerning sex or violent offender registration under IC 11-8-8.
10	(11) Administer the application and approval process for
11	designating an area of a consolidated or second class city as a
12	public safety improvement area under IC 36-8-19.5.
13	(12) Develop and maintain a meth watch program to inform
14	retailers and the public about illicit methamphetamine production,
15	distribution, and use in Indiana.
16	SECTION 2. IC 5-2-6-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2006,
17	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 14. (a) The victim and witness assistance fund is
19	established. The institute shall administer the fund. Except as provided
20	in subsection (e), expenditures from the fund may be made only in
21	accordance with appropriations made by the general assembly.
22	(b) The source of the victim and witness assistance fund is the
23	family violence and victim assistance fund established by IC 12-18-5-2.
24	(c) The institute may use money from the victim and witness
25	assistance fund when awarding a grant or entering into a contract under
26	this chapter, if the money is used for the support of a program in the
27	office of a prosecuting attorney or in a state or local law enforcement
28	agency designed to:
29	(1) help evaluate the physical, emotional, and personal needs of
30	a victim resulting from a crime, and counsel or refer the victim to
31	those agencies or persons in the community that can provide the
32	services needed;
33	(2) provide transportation for victims and witnesses of crime to
34	attend proceedings in the case when necessary; or
35	(3) provide other services to victims or witnesses of crime when
36	necessary to enable them to participate in criminal proceedings
37	without undue hardship or trauma.
38	(d) Money in the victim and witness assistance fund at the end of a
39	particular fiscal year does not revert to the general fund.
40	(e) The institute may use money in the fund to:
41	(1) pay the costs of administering the fund, including



expenditures for personnel and data;

1	(2) support the registration of sex or violent offenders under
2	IC 11-8-8 and the Indiana sex and violent offender registry
3	established under IC 11-8-8; IC 36-2-13-5.5;
4	(3) provide training for persons to assist victims; and
5	(4) establish and maintain a victim notification system under
6	IC 11-8-7 if the department of correction establishes the system.
7	SECTION 3. IC 10-13-3-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.20-2006,
8	SECTION 1, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.140-2006, SECTION 4
9	AND P.L.173-2006, SECTION 4, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED
10	TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) As
11	used in this chapter, "criminal history data" means information
12	collected by criminal justice agencies, the United States Department of
13	Justice for the department's information system, or individuals.
14	(b) The term consists of the following:
15	(1) Identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, indictments,
16	informations, or other formal criminal charges.
17	(2) Information, including a photograph, regarding a sex and
18	violent or violent offender (as defined in IC 5-2-12-4)
19	IC 11-8-8-5) obtained through sex and violent or violent offender
20	registration under IC 5-2-12. IC 11-8-8.
21	(3) Any disposition, including sentencing, and correctional system
22	intake, transfer, and release.
23	(4) A photograph of the person who is the subject of the
24	information described in subdivisions (1) through (3).
25	SECTION 4. IC 10-13-3-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,
26	SECTION 171, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.140-2006, SECTION 5
27	AND P.L.173-2006, SECTION 5, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED
28	TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 27. (a)
29	Except as provided in subsection (b), on request, a law enforcement
30	agency shall release a limited criminal history to or allow inspection of
31	a limited criminal history by noncriminal justice organizations or
32	individuals only if the subject of the request:
33	(1) has applied for employment with a noncriminal justice
34	organization or individual;
35	(2) has applied for a license and has provided criminal history
36	data is as required by law to be provided in connection with the
37	license;
38	(3) is a candidate for public office or a public official;
39	(4) is in the process of being apprehended by a law enforcement
40	agency;
41	(5) is placed under arrest for the alleged commission of a crime;
42	(6) has charged that the subject's rights have been abused



1	repeatedly by criminal justice agencies;	
2	(7) is the subject of a judicial decision or determination with	
3	respect to the setting of bond, plea bargaining, sentencing, or	
4	probation;	
5	(8) has volunteered services that involve contact with, care of, or	
6	supervision over a child who is being placed, matched, or	
7	monitored by a social services agency or a nonprofit corporation;	
8	(9) is currently residing in a location designated by the	
9	department of child services (established by IC 31-33-1.5-2)	
10	IC 31-25-1-1) or by a juvenile court as the out-of-home placement	
11	for a child at the time the child will reside in the location;	
12	(10) has volunteered services at a public school (as defined in	
13	IC 20-18-2-15) or nonpublic school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-12)	
14	that involve contact with, care of, or supervision over a student	
15	enrolled in the school;	
16	(11) is being investigated for welfare fraud by an investigator of	
17	the division of family resources or a county office of family and	
18	children;	
19	(12) is being sought by the parent locator service of the child	
20	support bureau of the division department of family and children;	
21	child services;	
22	(13) is or was required to register as a sex and or violent offender	
23	under IC 5-2-12; IC 11-8-8; or	
24	(14) has been convicted of any of the following:	-
25	(A) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1), if the victim is less than eighteen	
26	(18) years of age.	
27	(B) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2), if the victim is	
28	less than eighteen (18) years of age.	V
29	(C) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).	
30	(D) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b)).	
31	(E) Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)).	
32	(F) Vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5).	
33	(G) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).	
34	(H) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).	
35	(I) Sexual misconduct with a minor as a felony (IC 35-42-4-9).	
36	(J) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3), if the victim is less than eighteen	
37	(18) years of age.	
38	However, limited criminal history information obtained from the	
39	National Crime Information Center may not be released under this	
40	section except to the extent permitted by the Attorney General of the	
41	United States.	
42	(b) A law enforcement agency shall allow inspection of a limited	



1	criminal history by and release a limited criminal history to the
2	following noncriminal justice organizations:
3	(1) Federally chartered or insured banking institutions.
4	(2) Officials of state and local government for any of the
5	following purposes:
6	(A) Employment with a state or local governmental entity.
7	(B) Licensing.
8	(3) Segments of the securities industry identified under 15 U.S.C.
9	78q(f)(2).
10	(c) Any person who knowingly or intentionally uses limited
11	criminal history for any purpose not specified under this section
12	commits a Class A misdemeanor.
13	SECTION 5. IC 10-13-3-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2006,
14	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 30. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), on
16	request for release or inspection of a limited criminal history, law
17	enforcement agencies may, if the agency has complied with the
18	reporting requirements in section 24 of this chapter, and the department
19	shall do the following:
20	(1) Require a form, provided by law enforcement agencies and the
21	department, to be completed. The form shall be maintained for
22	two (2) years and shall be available to the record subject upon
23	request.
24	(2) Collect a three dollar (\$3) fee to defray the cost of processing
25	a request for inspection.
26	(3) Collect a seven dollar (\$7) fee to defray the cost of processing
27	a request for release. However, law enforcement agencies and the
28	department may not charge the fee for requests received from the
29	parent locator service of the child support bureau of the
30	department of child services.
31	(b) Law enforcement agencies and the department shall edit
32	information so that the only information released or inspected is
33	information that:
34	(1) has been requested; and
35	(2) is limited criminal history information.
36	(c) The fee required under subsection (a) shall be waived if the
37	request relates to the registration of sex or violent offenders under
38	IC 11-8-8 or the Indiana sex and violent offender registry under
39	IC 11-8-8 IC 36-2-13-5.5 or concerns a person required to register as
40	a sex or violent offender under IC 11-8-8.
41	SECTION 6. IC 10-13-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2006,
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1	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "juvenile history data"	
2	means information collected by criminal or juvenile justice agencies or	
3	individuals about a child who is alleged to have committed a reportable	
4	act and consists of the following:	
5	(1) Descriptions and notations of events leading to the taking of	
6	the child into custody by a juvenile justice agency for a reportable	
7	act allegedly committed by the child.	
8	(2) A petition alleging that the child is a delinquent child.	
9	(3) Dispositional decrees concerning the child that are entered	
10	under IC 31-37-19 (or IC 31-6-4-15.9 before its repeal).	4
11	(4) The findings of a court determined after a hearing is held	
12	under IC 31-37-20-2 or IC 31-37-20-3 (or IC 31-6-4-19(h) or	`
13	IC 31-6-4-19(i) before their repeal) concerning the child.	
14	(5) Information:	
15	(A) regarding a child who has been adjudicated a delinquent	
16	child for committing an act that would be an offense described	4
17	in IC 11-8-8-5 if committed by an adult; and	
18	(B) that is obtained through sex or violent offender	
19	registration under IC 11-8-8.	
20	SECTION 7. IC 11-8-2-12.4, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,	
21	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
22	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12.4. The department shall do the following:	
23	(1) Maintain the Indiana sex and violent offender registry	
24	established under IC 36-2-13-5.5.	_
25	(2) Prescribe and approve a format for sex or violent offender	
26	registration as required by IC 11-8-8.	_
27	(3) Provide:	
28	(A) judges;	
29	(B) law enforcement officials;	
30	(C) prosecuting attorneys;	
31	(D) parole officers;	
32	(E) probation officers; and	
33	(F) community corrections officials;	
34	with information and training concerning the requirements of	
35	IC 11-8-8 and the use of the Indiana sex and violent offender	
36	registry.	
37	(4) Upon request of a neighborhood association:	
38	(A) transmit to the neighborhood association information	
39	concerning sex or violent offenders who reside near the	
40	location of the neighborhood association; or	
41	(B) provide instructional materials concerning the use of the	
42	Indiana sex and violent offender registry to the neighborhood	



1	association.
2	SECTION 8. IC 11-8-2-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
3	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 13. (a) The Indiana sex and violent offender
5	registry established under IC 36-2-13-5.5 and maintained by the
6	department under section 12.4 of this chapter must include the names
7	of each offender who is or has been required to register under
8	IC 11-8-8.
9	(b) The department shall do the following:
10	(1) Ensure that the Indiana sex and violent offender registry is
11	updated at least once per day with information provided by a local
12	law enforcement authority (as defined in IC 11-8-8-2).
13	(2) Publish the Indiana sex and violent offender registry on the
14	Internet through the computer gateway administered by the office
15	of technology established by IC 4-13.1-2-1, and ensure that the
16	Indiana sex and violent offender registry displays the following
17	or similar words:
18	"Based on information submitted to law enforcement, a person
19	whose name appears in this registry has been convicted of a
20	sex or violent offense or has been adjudicated a delinquent
21	child for an act that would be a sex or violent offense if
22	committed by an adult.".
23	SECTION 9. IC 11-8-8-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
24	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "principal residence"
26	means the residence where a sex or violent offender spends the most
27	time. The term includes a residence owned or leased by another person
28	if the sex or violent offender:
29	(1) does not own or lease a residence; or
30	(2) spends more time at the residence owned or leased by the
31	other person than at the residence owned or leased by the sex or
32	violent offender.
33	SECTION 10. IC 11-8-8-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
34	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
35	1, 2007]: Sec. 4.5. (a) As used in this chapter, "sex offender" means
36	a person convicted of any of the following offenses:
37	(1) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).
38	(2) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2).
39	(3) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
40	(4) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b)).
41	(5) Vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5).
42	(6) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).



1	(7) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).
2	(8) Sexual misconduct with a minor as a Class A, Class B, or
3	Class C felony (IC 35-42-4-9).
4	(9) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).
5	(10) Sexual battery (IC 35-42-4-8).
6	(11) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2), if the victim is less than
7	eighteen (18) years of age.
8	(12) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3), if the victim is less
9	than eighteen (18) years of age.
10	(13) Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)), if the
11	person has a prior unrelated conviction for possession of child
12	pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)).
13	(14) An attempt or a conspiracy to commit a crime listed in
14	subdivisions (1) through (13).
15	(15) A crime under the laws of another jurisdiction, including
16	a military court, that is substantially equivalent to any of the
17	offenses listed in subdivisions (1) through (14).
18	(b) The term includes:
19	(1) a person who is required to register as a sex offender in
20	any jurisdiction; and
21	(2) a child who has committed a delinquent act and who:
22	(A) is at least fourteen (14) years of age;
23	(B) is on probation, is on parole, is discharged from a
24	facility by the department of correction, is discharged from
25	a secure private facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-115), or is
26	discharged from a juvenile detention facility as a result of
27	an adjudication as a delinquent child for an act that would
28	be an offense described in subsection (a) if committed by
29	an adult; and
30	(C) is found by a court by clear and convincing evidence to
31	be likely to repeat an act that would be an offense
32	described in subsection (a) if committed by an adult.
33	SECTION 11. IC 11-8-8-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
34	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this chapter, "sex or violent
36	offender" means a person convicted of any of the following offenses:
37	(1) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).
38	(2) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2).
39	(3) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
40	(4) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b)).
41	(5) Vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5).
42	(6) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).



1	(7) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).	
2	(8) Sexual misconduct with a minor as a Class A, Class B, or	
3	Class C felony (IC 35-42-4-9).	
4	(9) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).	
5	(10) Sexual battery (IC 35-42-4-8).	
6	(11) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2), if the victim is less than eighteen	
7	(18) years of age.	
8	(12) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3), if the victim is less	
9	than eighteen (18) years of age.	
10	(13) Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)), if the	
11	person has a prior unrelated conviction for possession of child	
12	pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)).	
13	(14) Murder (IC 35-42-1-1).	
14	(14) (15) An attempt or a conspiracy to commit a crime listed in	
15	subdivisions (1) through (13). (14).	_
16	(15) (16) A crime under the laws of another jurisdiction,	
17	including a military court, that is substantially equivalent to any	
18	of the offenses listed in subdivisions (1) through (14). (15).	
19	(b) The term includes:	
20	(1) a person who is required to register as a sex or violent	
21	offender in any jurisdiction; and	
22	(2) a child who has committed a delinquent act and who:	
23	(A) is at least fourteen (14) years of age;	
24	(B) is on probation, is on parole, is discharged from a facility	_
25	by the department of correction, is discharged from a secure	
26	private facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-115), or is discharged	_
27	from a juvenile detention facility as a result of an adjudication	
28	as a delinquent child for an act that would be an offense	Y
29	described in subsection (a) if committed by an adult; and	
30	(C) is found by a court by clear and convincing evidence to be	
31	likely to repeat an act that would be an offense described in	
32	subsection (a) if committed by an adult.	
33	SECTION 12. IC 11-8-8-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,	
34	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
35	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7. (a) Subject to section 19 of this chapter, the	
36	following persons must register under this chapter:	
37	(1) A sex or violent offender who resides in Indiana. A sex or	
38	violent offender resides in Indiana if either of the following	
39	applies:	
40	(A) The sex or violent offender spends or intends to spend at	
41	least seven (7) days (including part of a day) in Indiana during	
42	a one hundred eighty (180) day period.	



1	(B) The sex or violent offender owns real property in Indiana	
2	and returns to Indiana at any time.	
3	(2) A sex or violent offender who works or carries on a vocation	
4	or intends to work or carry on a vocation full-time or part-time:	
5	for a period:	
6	(A) for a period exceeding fourteen (14) consecutive days; or	
7	(B) for a total period exceeding thirty (30) days;	
8	during any calendar year in Indiana, whether the sex or violent	
9	offender is financially compensated, volunteered, or is acting for	
10	the purpose of government or educational benefit.	
11	(3) A sex or violent offender who is enrolled or intends to be	
12	enrolled on a full-time or part-time basis in any public or private	
13	educational institution, including any secondary school, trade, or	
14	professional institution, or institution of higher education in	
15	Indiana.	
16	(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), a sex or violent offender	
17	who resides in Indiana shall register with the local law enforcement	
18	authority in the county where the sex or violent offender resides. If a	
19	sex or violent offender resides in more than one (1) county, the sex or	
20	violent offender shall register with the local law enforcement authority	
21	in each county in which the sex or violent offender resides. If the sex	
22	or violent offender is also required to register under subsection (a)(2)	
23	or (a)(3), the sex or violent offender shall also register with the local	
24	law enforcement authority in the county in which the offender is	
25	required to register under subsection (c) or (d).	
26	(c) A sex or violent offender described in subsection (a)(2) shall	
27	register with the local law enforcement authority in the county where	
28	the sex or violent offender is or intends to be employed or carry on a	
29	vocation. If a sex or violent offender is or intends to be employed or	
30	carry on a vocation in more than one (1) county, the sex or violent	
31	offender shall register with the local law enforcement authority in each	
32	county. If the sex or violent offender is also required to register under	
33	subsection (a)(1) or (a)(3), the sex or violent offender shall also	
34	register with the local law enforcement authority in the county in which	
35	the offender is required to register under subsection (b) or (d).	
36	(d) A sex or violent offender described in subsection (a)(3) shall	
37	register with the local law enforcement authority in the county where	
38	the sex or violent offender is enrolled or intends to be enrolled as a	
39	student. If the sex or violent offender is also required to register under	
40	subsection $(a)(1)$ or $(a)(2)$, the sex or violent offender shall also	

register with the local law enforcement authority in the county in which

the offender is required to register under subsection (b) or (c).



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1	(e) A sex or violent offender described in subsection (a)(1)(B) shall
2	register with the local law enforcement authority in the county in which
3	the real property is located. If the sex or violent offender is also
4	required to register under subsection (a)(1)(A), (a)(2), or (a)(3), the sex
5	or violent offender shall also register with the local law enforcement
6	authority in the county in which the offender is required to register
7	under subsection (b), (c), or (d).
8	(f) A sex or violent offender committed to the department shall
9	register with the department before the sex or violent offender is
0	released from incarceration. The department shall forward the sex or
1	violent offender's registration information to the local law enforcement
2	authority of every county in which the sex or violent offender is
3	required to register.
4	(g) This subsection does not apply to a sex or violent offender who
.5	is a sexually violent predator. A sex or violent offender not committed
6	to the department shall register not more than seven (7) days after the
7	sex or violent offender:
8	(1) is released from a penal facility (as defined in IC 35-41-1-21);
9	(2) is released from a secure private facility (as defined in
20	IC 31-9-2-115);
21	(3) is released from a juvenile detention facility;
22	(4) is transferred to a community transition program;
23	(5) is placed on parole;
24	(6) is placed on probation;
25	(7) is placed on home detention; or
26	(8) arrives at the place where the sex or violent offender is
27	required to register under subsection (b), (c), or (d);
28	whichever occurs first. A sex or violent offender required to register
.9	in more than one (1) county under subsection (b), (c), (d), or (e) shall
0	register in each appropriate county not more than seventy-two (72)
31	hours after the sex or violent offender's arrival in that county or
32	acquisition of real estate in that county.
33	(h) This subsection applies to a sex or violent offender who is a
34	sexually violent predator. A sex or violent offender who is a sexually
35	violent predator shall register not more than seventy-two (72) hours
66	after the sex or violent offender:
37	(1) is released from a penal facility (as defined in IC 35-41-1-21);
8	(2) is released from a secure private facility (as defined in
9	IC 31-9-2-115);
10	(3) is released from a juvenile detention facility;
.1	(4) is transferred to a community transition program:



(5) is placed on parole;

1	(6) is placed on probation;
2	(7) is placed on home detention; or
3	(8) arrives at the place where the sexually violent predator is
4	required to register under subsection (b), (c), or (d);
5	whichever occurs first. A sex or violent offender who is a sexually
6	violent predator required to register in more than one (1) county under
7	subsection (b), (c), (d), or (e) shall register in each appropriate county
8	not more than seventy-two (72) hours after the offender's arrival in that
9	county or acquisition of real estate in that county.
0	(i) The local law enforcement authority with whom a sex or violent
1	offender registers under this section shall make and publish a
2	photograph of the sex or violent offender on the Indiana sex and
3	violent offender registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.5.
4	The local law enforcement authority shall make a photograph of the sex
5	or violent offender that complies with the requirements of
6	IC 36-2-13-5.5 at least once per year. The sheriff of a county containing
7	a consolidated city shall provide the police chief of the consolidated
8	city with all photographic and computer equipment necessary to enable
9	the police chief of the consolidated city to transmit sex or violent
20	offender photographs (and other identifying information required by
21	IC 36-2-13-5.5) to the Indiana sex and violent offender registry web
22	site established under IC 36-2-13-5.5. In addition, the sheriff of a
23	county containing a consolidated city shall provide all funding for the
24	county's financial obligation for the establishment and maintenance of
25	the Indiana sex and violent offender registry web site established
26	under IC 36-2-13-5.5.
27	(j) When a sex or violent offender registers, the local law
28	enforcement authority shall:
29	(1) immediately update the Indiana sex and violent offender
0	registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.5; and
1	(2) notify every law enforcement agency having jurisdiction in the
32	county where the sex or violent offender resides.
3	The local law enforcement authority shall provide the department and
4	a law enforcement agency described in subdivision (2) with the
55	information provided by the sex or violent offender during registration.
66	SECTION 13. IC 11-8-8-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
37	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. The registration required under this chapter
9	must include the following information:
10	(1) The sex or violent offender's full name, alias, any name by

which the sex or violent offender was previously known, date of

birth, sex, race, height, weight, hair color, eye color, any scars,



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1	marks, or tattoos, Social Security number, driver's license number	
2	or state identification number, principal residence address, and	
3	mailing address, if different from the sex or violent offender's	
4	principal residence address.	
5	(2) A description of the offense for which the sex or violent	
6	offender was convicted, the date of conviction, the county of the	
7	conviction, the cause number of the conviction, and the sentence	
8	imposed, if applicable.	
9	(3) If the person is required to register under section 7(a)(2) or	
10	7(a)(3) of this chapter, the name and address of each of the sex or	
11	violent offender's employers in Indiana, the name and address of	
12	each campus or location where the sex or violent offender is	
13	enrolled in school in Indiana, and the address where the sex or	
14	violent offender stays or intends to stay while in Indiana.	
15	(4) A recent photograph of the sex or violent offender.	
16	(5) If the sex or violent offender is a sexually violent predator,	
17	that the sex or violent offender is a sexually violent predator.	
18	(6) If the sex or violent offender is required to register for life,	
19	that the sex or violent offender is required to register for life.	
20	(7) Any other information required by the department.	
21	SECTION 14. IC 11-8-8-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,	
22	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
23	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 9. (a) Not more than seven (7) days before an	
24	Indiana sex or violent offender who is required to register under this	
25	chapter is scheduled to be released from a secure private facility (as	
26	defined in IC 31-9-2-115), or released from a juvenile detention	
27	facility, an official of the facility shall do the following:	
28	(1) Orally inform the sex or violent offender of the sex or violent	
29	offender's duty to register under this chapter and require the sex	
30	or violent offender to sign a written statement that the sex or	
31	violent offender was orally informed or, if the sex or violent	
32	offender refuses to sign the statement, certify that the sex or	
33	violent offender was orally informed of the duty to register.	
34	(2) Deliver a form advising the sex or violent offender of the sex	
35	or violent offender's duty to register under this chapter and	
36	require the sex or violent offender to sign a written statement that	
37	the sex or violent offender received the written notice or, if the	
38	sex or violent offender refuses to sign the statement, certify that	
39	the sex or violent offender was given the written notice of the	
40	duty to register.	
41	(3) Obtain the address where the sex or violent offender expects	

to reside after the sex or violent offender's release.



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1	(4) Transmit to the local law enforcement authority in the county
2	where the sex or violent offender expects to reside the sex or
3	violent offender's name, date of release or transfer, new address,
4	and the offense or delinquent act committed by the sex or violent
5	offender.
6	(b) Not more than seventy-two (72) hours after a sex or violent
7	offender who is required to register under this chapter is released or
8	transferred as described in subsection (a), an official of the facility shall
9	transmit to the state police the following:
10	(1) The sex or violent offender's fingerprints, photograph, and
11	identification factors.
12	(2) The address where the sex or violent offender expects to
13	reside after the sex or violent offender's release.
14	(3) The complete criminal history data (as defined in
15	IC 10-13-3-5) or, if the sex or violent offender committed a
16	delinquent act, juvenile history data (as defined in IC 10-13-4-4)
17	of the sex or violent offender.
18	(4) Information regarding the sex or violent offender's past
19	treatment for mental disorders.
20	(5) Information as to whether the sex offender has been
21	determined to be a sexually violent predator.
22	(c) This subsection applies if a sex or violent offender is placed on
23	probation or in a community corrections program without being
24	confined in a penal facility. The probation office serving the court in
25	which the sex or violent offender is sentenced shall perform the duties
26	required under subsections (a) and (b).
27	SECTION 15. IC 11-8-8-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
28	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 10. Notwithstanding any other law, upon receiving
30	a sex or violent offender's fingerprints from a correctional facility, the
31	state police shall immediately send the fingerprints to the Federal
32	Bureau of Investigation.
33	SECTION 16. IC 11-8-8-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
34	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 11. (a) If a sex or violent offender who is required
36	to register under this chapter changes:
37	(1) principal residence address; or
38	(2) if section 7(a)(2) or 7(a)(3) of this chapter applies, the place
39	where the sex or violent offender stays in Indiana;
40	the sex or violent offender shall register not more than seventy-two
41	(72) hours after the address change with the local law enforcement

authority with whom the sex or violent offender last registered.



15
(b) If a sex or violent offender moves to a new county in Indiana
the local law enforcement authority referred to in subsection (a) shall
inform the local law enforcement authority in the new county in
Indiana of the sex or violent offender's residence and forward al
relevant registration information concerning the sex or violent offender
to the local law enforcement authority in the new county. The local law
enforcement authority receiving notice under this subsection shall
verify the address of the sex or violent offender under section 13 or
this chapter not more than seven (7) days after receiving the notice.
(c) If a sex or violent offender who is required to register under
section $7(a)(2)$ or $7(a)(3)$ of this chapter changes the sex or violent
offender's principal place of employment, principal place of vocation
or campus or location where the sex or violent offender is enrolled in
school, the sex or violent offender shall register not more than
seventy-two (72) hours after the change with the local law enforcemen
authority with whom the sex or violent offender last registered.
(d) If a sex or violent offender moves the sex or violent offender's

- (d) If a sex or violent offender moves the sex or violent offender's place of employment, vocation, or enrollment to a new county in Indiana, the local law enforcement authority referred to in subsection (c) shall inform the local law enforcement authority in the new county of the sex or violent offender's new principal place of employment, vocation, or enrollment by forwarding relevant registration information to the local law enforcement authority in the new county.
- (e) If a sex **or violent** offender moves the sex **or violent** offender's residence, place of employment, vocation, or enrollment to a new state, the local law enforcement authority shall inform the state police in the new state of the sex **or violent** offender's new place of residence, employment, or enrollment.
- (f) A local law enforcement authority shall make registration information, including information concerning the duty to register and the penalty for failing to register, available to a sex **or violent** offender.
- (g) A local law enforcement authority who is notified of a change under subsection (a) or (c) shall immediately update the Indiana sex **and violent** offender registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.5.

SECTION 17. IC 11-8-8-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12. (a) As used in this section, "temporary residence" means a residence:

- (1) that is established to provide transitional housing for a person without another residence; and
- (2) in which a person is not typically permitted to reside for more



1	than thirty (30) days in a sixty (60) day period.
2	(b) This section applies only to a sex or violent offender who
3	resides in a temporary residence. In addition to the other requirements
4	of this chapter, a sex or violent offender who resides in a temporary
5	residence shall register in person with the local law enforcement
6	authority in which the temporary residence is located:
7	(1) not more than seventy-two (72) hours after the sex or violent
8	offender moves into the temporary residence; and
9	(2) during the period in which the sex or violent offender resides
10	in a temporary residence, at least once every seven (7) days
11	following the sex or violent offender's initial registration under
12	subdivision (1).
13	(c) A sex or violent offender's obligation to register in person once
14	every seven (7) days terminates when the sex or violent offender no
15	longer resides in the temporary residence. However, all other
16	requirements imposed on a sex or violent offender by this chapter
17	continue in force, including the requirement that a sex or violent
18	offender register the sex or violent offender's new address with the
19	local law enforcement authority.
20	SECTION 18. IC 11-8-8-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
21	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 13. (a) To verify a sex or violent offender's
23	current residence, the local law enforcement authority shall do the
24	following:
25	(1) Mail a reply form to each sex or violent offender in the county
26	at the sex or violent offender's listed address at least one (1) time
27	per year, beginning seven (7) days after the local law enforcement
28	authority receives a notice under section 11 or 20 of this chapter
29	or the date the sex or violent offender is:
30	(A) released from a penal facility (as defined in
31	IC 35-41-1-21), a secure private facility (as defined in
32	IC 31-9-2-115), or a juvenile detention facility;
33	(B) placed in a community transition program;
34	(C) placed in a community corrections program;
35	(D) placed on parole; or
36	(E) placed on probation;
37	whichever occurs first.
38	(2) Mail a reply form to each sex or violent offender who is
39	designated a sexually violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5 at
40	least once every ninety (90) days, beginning seven (7) days after
41	the local law enforcement authority receives a notice under
42	section 11 or 20 of this chapter or the date the sex or violent



1	offender is:	
2	(A) released from a penal facility (as defined in	
3	IC 35-41-1-21), a secure private facility (as defined in	
4	IC 31-9-2-115), or a juvenile detention facility;	
5	(B) placed in a community transition program;	
6	(C) placed in a community corrections program;	
7	(D) placed on parole; or	
8	(E) placed on probation;	
9	whichever occurs first.	
10	(3) Personally visit each sex or violent offender in the county at	4
11	the sex or violent offender's listed address at least one (1) time	
12	per year, beginning seven (7) days after the local law enforcement	
13	authority receives a notice under section 7 of this chapter or the	
14	date the sex or violent offender is:	
15	(A) released from a penal facility (as defined in	
16	IC 35-41-1-21), a secure private facility (as defined in	4
17	IC 31-9-2-115), or a juvenile detention facility;	
18	(B) placed in a community transition program;	
19	(C) placed in a community corrections program;	
20	(D) placed on parole; or	
21	(E) placed on probation;	
22	whichever occurs first.	
23	(4) Personally visit each sex offender who is designated a sexually	
24	violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5 at least once every ninety	
25	(90) days, beginning seven (7) days after the local law	
26	enforcement authority receives a notice under section 7 of this	_
27	chapter or the date the sex offender is:	- 1
28	(A) released from a penal facility (as defined in	
29	IC 35-41-1-21), a secure private facility (as defined in	
30	IC 31-9-2-115), or a juvenile detention facility;	
31	(B) placed in a community transition program;	
32	(C) placed in a community corrections program;	
33	(D) placed on parole; or	
34	(E) placed on probation;	
35	whichever occurs first.	
36	(b) If a sex or violent offender fails to return a signed reply form	
37	either by mail or in person, not later than fourteen (14) days after	
38	mailing, or appears not to reside at the listed address, the local law	
39	enforcement authority shall immediately notify the department and the	
40	prosecuting attorney.	
41	SECTION 19. IC 11-8-8-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,	
42	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	



1	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 14. At least once per calendar year, a sex or
2	violent offender who is required to register under this chapter shall:
3	(1) report in person to the local law enforcement authority;
4	(2) register; and
5	(3) be photographed by the local law enforcement authority;
6	in each location where the offender is required to register.
7	SECTION 20. IC 11-8-8-15, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
8	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 15. (a) A sex or violent offender who is a resident
10	of Indiana shall obtain and keep in the sex or violent offender's
11	possession:
12	(1) a valid Indiana driver's license; or
13	(2) a valid Indiana identification card (as described in
14	IC 9-24-16).
15	(b) A sex or violent offender required to register in Indiana who is
16	not a resident of Indiana shall obtain and keep in the sex or violent
17	offender's possession:
18	(1) a valid driver's license issued by the state in which the sex or
19	violent offender resides; or
20	(2) a valid state issued identification card issued by the state in
21	which the sex or violent offender resides.
22	(c) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this section
23	commits failure of a sex or violent offender to possess identification,
24	a Class A misdemeanor. However, the offense is a Class D felony if the
25	person:
26	(1) is a sexually violent predator; or
27	(2) has a prior unrelated conviction:
28	(A) under this section; or
29	(B) based on the person's failure to comply with any
30	requirement imposed on an offender under this chapter.
31	(d) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that:
32	(1) the person has been unable to obtain a valid driver's license or
33	state issued identification card because less than thirty (30) days
34	have passed since the person's release from incarceration; or
35	(2) the person possesses a driver's license or state issued
36	identification card that expired not more than thirty (30) days
37	before the date the person violated subsection (a) or (b).
38	SECTION 21. IC 11-8-8-16, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
39	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 16. (a) A sex or violent offender who is required
41	to register under this chapter may not petition for a change of name
1 2	under IC 34-28-2.



1	(b) If a sex or violent offender who is required to register under this	
2	chapter changes the sex or violent offender's name due to marriage, the	
3	sex or violent offender must register with the local law enforcement	
4	authority not more than seven (7) days after the name change.	
5	SECTION 22. IC 11-8-8-17, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,	
6	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
7	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 17. A sex or violent offender who knowingly or	
8	intentionally:	
9	(1) fails to register when required to register under this chapter;	
10	(2) fails to register in every location where the sex or violent	
11	offender is required to register under this chapter;	
12	(3) makes a material misstatement or omission while registering	
13	as a sex or violent offender under this chapter; or	
14	(4) fails to register in person and be photographed at least one (1)	
15	time per year as required under this chapter;	
16	commits a Class D felony. However, the offense is a Class C felony if	
17	the sex or violent offender has a prior unrelated conviction for an	
18	offense under this section or based on the person's failure to comply	
19	with any requirement imposed on a sex or violent offender under this	
20	chapter.	
21	SECTION 23. IC 11-8-8-19, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,	
22	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
23	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 19. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b)	
24	through (e), a sex or violent offender is required to register under this	
25	chapter until the expiration of ten (10) years after the date the sex or	
26	violent offender:	
27	(1) is released from a penal facility (as defined in IC 35-41-1-21)	
28	or a secure juvenile detention facility of a state or another	
29	jurisdiction;	
30	(2) is placed in a community transition program;	
31	(3) is placed in a community corrections program;	
32	(4) is placed on parole; or	
33	(5) is placed on probation;	
34	whichever occurs last. The department shall ensure that an offender	
35	who is no longer required to register as a sex or violent offender is	
36	notified that the obligation to register has expired.	
37	(b) A sex offender who is a sexually violent predator is required to	
38	register for life.	
39	(c) A sex or violent offender who is convicted of at least one (1) sex	
40	or violent offense that the sex or violent offender committed	

(1) when the person was at least eighteen (18) years of age; and (2) against a victim who was less than twelve (12) years of age at



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1	the time of the crime;
2	is required to register for life.
3	(d) A sex or violent offender who is convicted of at least one (1)
4	sex or violent offense in which the sex or violent offender:
5	(1) proximately caused serious bodily injury or death to the
6	victim;
7	(2) used force or the threat of force against the victim or a
8	member of the victim's family; or
9	(3) rendered the victim unconscious or otherwise incapable of
10	giving voluntary consent;
11	is required to register for life.
12	(e) A sex or violent offender who is convicted of at least two (2)
13	unrelated sex or violent offenses is required to register for life.
14	SECTION 24. IC 11-8-8-20, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
15	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 20. (a) The governor may enter into a compact
17	with one (1) or more jurisdictions outside Indiana to exchange
18	notifications concerning the release, transfer, or change of address,
19	employment, vocation, or enrollment of a sex or violent offender
20	between Indiana and the other jurisdiction or the other jurisdiction and
21	Indiana.
22	(b) The compact must provide for the designation of a state agency
23	to coordinate the transfer of information.
24	(c) If the state agency receives information that a sex or violent
25	offender has relocated to Indiana to reside, engage in employment or
26	a vocation, or enroll in school, the state agency shall inform in writing
27	the local law enforcement authority where the sex or violent offender
28	is required to register in Indiana of:
29	(1) the sex or violent offender's name, date of relocation, and new
30	address; and
31	(2) the sex or violent offense or delinquent act committed by the
32	sex or violent offender.
33	(d) The state agency shall determine, following a hearing:
34	(1) whether a person convicted of an offense in another
35	jurisdiction is required to register as a sex or violent offender in
36	Indiana;
37	(2) whether an out of state sex or violent offender is a sexually
38	violent predator; and
39	(3) the period in which an out of state sex or violent offender who
40	has moved to Indiana will be required to register as a sex or
41	violent offender in Indiana.
42	SECTION 25. IC 11-13-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.60-2006,



1	SECTION 1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.139-2006, SECTION 2, AS
2	AMENDED BY P.L.140-2006, SECTION 15, AND AS AMENDED
3	BY P.L.173-2006, SECTION 15, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED
4	TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. (a) A
5	condition to remaining on parole is that the parolee not commit a crime
6	during the period of parole.
7	(b) The parole board may also adopt, under IC 4-22-2, additional
8	conditions to remaining on parole and require a parolee to satisfy one
9	(1) or more of these conditions. These conditions must be reasonably
10	related to the parolee's successful reintegration into the community and
11	not unduly restrictive of a fundamental right.
12	(c) If a person is released on parole the parolee shall be given a
13	written statement of the conditions of parole. Signed copies of this
14	statement shall be:
15	(1) retained by the parolee;
16	(2) forwarded to any person charged with the parolee's
17	supervision; and
18	(3) placed in the parolee's master file.
19	(d) The parole board may modify parole conditions if the parolee
20	receives notice of that action and had ten (10) days after receipt of the
21	notice to express the parolee's views on the proposed modification.
22	This subsection does not apply to modification of parole conditions
23	after a revocation proceeding under section 10 of this chapter.
24	(e) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
25	parolee to reside in a particular parole area. In determining a parolee's
26	residence requirement, the parole board shall:
27	(1) consider:
28	(A) the residence of the parolee prior to the parolee's
29	incarceration; and
30	(B) the parolee's place of employment; and
31	(2) assign the parolee to reside in the county where the parolee
32	resided prior to the parolee's incarceration unless assignment on
33	this basis would be detrimental to the parolee's successful
34	reintegration into the community.
35	(f) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
36	parolee to:
37	(1) periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined in
38	IC 14-15-8-1) or series of tests to detect and confirm the presence
39	of a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); and
40	(2) have the results of any test under this subsection reported to



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the parole board by the laboratory.

The parolee is responsible for any charges resulting from a test

1	required under this subsection. However, a person's parole may not be	
2	revoked on the basis of the person's inability to pay for a test under this	
3	subsection.	
4	(g) As a condition of parole, the parole board:	
5	(1) may require a parolee who is a sex and violent offender (as	
6	defined in IC 5-2-12-4) IC 11-8-8-5) IC 11-8-8-4.5) to:	
7	(A) participate in a treatment program for sex offenders	
8	approved by the parole board; and	
9	(B) avoid contact with any person who is less than sixteen (16)	
10	years of age unless the parolee:	
11	(i) receives the parole board's approval; or	
12	(ii) successfully completes the treatment program referred to	
13	in clause (A); and	
14	(2) shall:	
15	(A) require a parolee who is $a\pi a sex$ or violent offender (as	
16	defined in IC 5-2-12-4) IC 11-8-8-5) to register with a sheriff	
17	(or the police chief of a consolidated city) local law	
18	enforcement authority under IC 5-2-12-5; IC 11-8-8;	
19	(B) prohibit the a parolee who is a sex offender from residing	
20	within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property (as defined	
21	in IC 35-41-1-24.7) for the period of parole, unless the sex	
22	offender obtains written approval from the parole board; and	
23	(C) prohibit a parolee who is <i>an a sex</i> offender convicted of a	
24	sex offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) from residing within	
25	one (1) mile of the victim of the <i>sex</i> offender's sex offense	
26	unless the sex offender obtains a waiver under IC 35-38-2-2.5;	
27	and	
28	(D) prohibit a parolee from owning, operating, managing,	
29	being employed by, or volunteering at any attraction designed	
30	to be primarily enjoyed by children less than sixteen (16)	
31	years of age.	
32	The parole board may not grant a sexually violent predator (as defined	
33	in IC 35-38-1-7.5) a waiver under subdivision $(2)(B)$ or $(2)(C)$. If the	
34	parole board allows the sex offender to reside within one thousand	
35	(1,000) feet of school property under subdivision (2)(B), the parole	
36	board shall notify each school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the	
37	sex offender's residence of the order.	
38	(h) The address of the victim of a parolee who is an a sex or violent	
39	offender convicted of a sex or violent offense (as defined in	
40	IC 35-38-2-2.5) is confidential, even if the sex or violent offender	
41	obtains a waiver under IC 35-38-2-2.5.	

 ${\it (i)}\, As\, a\, condition\, of parole,\, the\, parole\, board\, may\, require\, a\, parolee$



1	to participate in a reentry court program.	
2	(i) (j) As a condition of parole, the parole board:	
3	(1) shall require a parolee who is a sexually violent predator	
4	under IC 35-38-1-7.5; and	
5	(2) may require a parolee who is a sex or violent offender (as	
6	defined in IC 5-2-12-4); IC 11-8-8-5);	
7	to wear a monitoring device (as described in IC 35-38-2.5-3) that can	
8	transmit information twenty-four (24) hours each day regarding a	
9	person's precise location.	
10	(i) (k) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit, in	
11	accordance with IC 35-38-2-2.5, IC 35-38-2-2.6, a parolee who has	
12	been convicted of stalking from residing within one thousand (1,000)	
13	feet of the residence of the victim of the stalking for a period that does	
14	not exceed five (5) years.	
15	SECTION 26. IC 25-20.2-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) An individual	
17	who applies for a license as a home inspector must do the following:	
18	(1) Furnish evidence satisfactory to the board showing that the	
19	individual:	
20	(A) is at least eighteen (18) years of age;	
21	(B) has graduated from high school or earned an Indiana	
22	general educational development (GED) diploma; and	
23	(C) has not been:	
24	(i) convicted of an act that would constitute a ground for	_
25	disciplinary sanction under IC 25-1-11;	
26	(ii) convicted of a crime that has a direct bearing on the	
27	individual's ability to perform competently and fully as a	
28	licensee;	V
29	(iii) listed on a national or state registry of sex or violent	
30	offenders; or	
31	(iv) the subject of a disciplinary or enforcement action by	
32	another state or a local jurisdiction in connection with the	
33	performance of home inspections or the licensing or	
34	certification of home inspectors.	
35	(2) Verify the information submitted on the application form.	
36	(3) Complete a board approved training program or course of	
37	study involving the performance of home inspections and the	
38	preparation of home inspection reports and pass an examination	
39	prescribed or approved by the board.	
40	(4) Submit to the board a certificate of insurance or other	
41	evidence of financial responsibility that is acceptable to the board	
42	and that:	



(A) is issued by an insurance company or other legal entity	
authorized to transact business in Indiana;	
(B) provides for general liability coverage of at least one	
hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);	
(C) lists the state as an additional insured;	
(D) states that cancellation and nonrenewal of the underlying	
policy or other evidence of financial responsibility is not	
effective until the board receives at least ten (10) days prior	
written notice of the cancellation or nonrenewal; and	
(E) contains any other terms and conditions established by the	
board.	
(5) Pay a licensing fee established by the board.	
(b) An individual applying for a license as a home inspector must	
apply on a form prescribed and provided by the board.	
SECTION 27. IC 31-19-11-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.140-2006,	
SECTION 17 AND P.L.173-2006, SECTION 17, AND AS	
AMENDED BY P.L.145-2006, SECTION 253, IS CORRECTED AND	
AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]:	
Sec. 1. (a) Whenever the court has heard the evidence and finds that:	
(1) the adoption requested is in the best interest of the child;	
(2) the petitioner or petitioners for adoption are of sufficient	
ability to rear the child and furnish suitable support and	
education;	
(3) the report of the investigation and recommendation under	_
~	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(8) the potitioner for adoption is not prohibited from adopting the	
	authorized to transact business in Indiana; (B) provides for general liability coverage of at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); (C) lists the state as an additional insured; (D) states that cancellation and nonrenewal of the underlying policy or other evidence of financial responsibility is not effective until the board receives at least ten (10) days prior written notice of the cancellation or nonrenewal; and (E) contains any other terms and conditions established by the board. (5) Pay a licensing fee established by the board. (b) An individual applying for a license as a home inspector must apply on a form prescribed and provided by the board. SECTION 27. IC 31-19-11-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.140-2006, SECTION 17 AND P.L.173-2006, SECTION 17, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2006, SECTION 253, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) Whenever the court has heard the evidence and finds that: (1) the adoption requested is in the best interest of the child; (2) the petitioner or petitioners for adoption are of sufficient ability to rear the child and furnish suitable support and education; (3) the report of the investigation and recommendation under IC 31-19-8-5 has been filed; (4) the attorney or agency arranging an adoption has filed with the court an affidavit prepared by the state department of health under IC 31-19-5-16 indicating whether a man is entitled to notice of the adoption because the man has registered with the putative father registry in accordance with IC 31-19-5; (5) proper notice arising under subdivision (4), if notice is necessary, of the adoption has been given; (6) the attorney or agency has filed with the court an affidavit prepared by the state department of health under: (A) IC 31-19-6 indicating whether a record of a paternity determination; or (B) IC 16-37-2-2(g) indicating whether a paternity affidavit executed under IC 16-37-2-2-2.1; has been filed in relation to the child; (7) proper consent, if consent is necessary, to the adopti



1	child as the result of an inappropriate criminal history described	
2	in subsection (c) or (d); and	
3	(9) the person, licensed child placing agency, or county office of	
4	family and children that has placed the child for adoption has	
5	provided the documents and other information required under	
6	IC 31-19-17 to the prospective adoptive parents;	
7	the court shall grant the petition for adoption and enter an adoption	
8	decree.	
9	(b) A court may not grant an adoption unless the department's state	
10	department of health's affidavit under IC 31-19-5-16 is filed with the	
11	court as provided under subsection (a)(4).	
12	(c) A conviction of a felony or a misdemeanor related to the health	
13	and safety of a child by a petitioner for adoption is a permissible basis	
14	for the court to deny the petition for adoption. In addition, the court	
15	may not grant an adoption if a petitioner for adoption has been	_
16	convicted of any of the felonies described as follows:	
17	(1) Murder (IC 35-42-1-1).	
18	(2) Causing suicide (IC 35-42-1-2).	
19	(3) Assisting suicide (IC 35-42-1-2.5).	
20	(4) Voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3).	
21	(5) Reckless homicide (IC 35-42-1-5).	
22	(6) Battery as a felony (IC 35-42-2-1).	
23	(7) Aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5).	
24	(8) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).	
25	(9) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3).	
26	(10) A felony sex offense under IC 35-42-4.	
27	(11) Carjacking (IC 35-42-5-2).	
28	(12) Arson (IC 35-43-1-1).	Y
29	(13) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).	
30	(14) Neglect of a dependent (IC 35-46-1-4(a)(1) and	
31	IC $35-46-1-4(a)(2)$).	
32	(15) Child selling (IC 35-46-1-4(d)).	
33	(16) A felony involving a weapon under IC 35-47 or IC 35-47.5.	
34	(17) A felony relating to controlled substances under IC 35-48-4.	
35	(18) An offense relating to material or a performance that is	
36	harmful to minors or obscene under IC 35-49-3.	
37	(19) A felony that is substantially equivalent to a felony listed in	
38	subdivisions (1) through (18) for which the conviction was	
39	entered in another state.	
40	However, the court is not prohibited from granting an adoption based	
41	upon a felony conviction under subdivision (6), (11), (12), (16), or	
42	(17), or its equivalent under subdivision (19), if the offense was not	



1	committed within the immediately preceding five (5) year period.	
2	(d) A court may not grant an adoption if the petitioner is an a sex or	
3	violent offender (as defined in IC 5-2-12-4). IC 11-8-8-5).	
4	SECTION 28. IC 35-43-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2006,	
5	SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
6	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) A person who:	
7	(1) recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally damages or defaces	
8	property of another person without the other person's consent; or	
9	(2) knowingly or intentionally causes another to suffer pecuniary	
10	loss by deception or by an expression of intention to injure	
11	another person or to damage the property or to impair the rights	
12	of another person;	
13	commits criminal mischief, a Class B misdemeanor. However, the	
14	offense is:	
15	(A) a Class A misdemeanor if:	
16	(i) the pecuniary loss is at least two hundred fifty dollars	
17	(\$250) but less than two thousand five hundred dollars	
18	(\$2,500);	
19	(ii) the property damaged was a moving motor vehicle;	
20	(iii) the property damaged contained data relating to a	
21	person required to register as a sex or violent offender	
22	under IC 11-8-8 and the person is not a sex or violent	
23	offender or was not required to register as a sex or violent	
24	offender;	
25	(iv) the property damaged was a locomotive, a railroad car,	
26	a train, or equipment of a railroad company being operated	
27	on a railroad right-of-way;	
28	(v) the property damaged was a part of any railroad signal	
29	system, train control system, centralized dispatching system,	
30	or highway railroad grade crossing warning signal on a	
31	railroad right-of-way owned, leased, or operated by a	
32	railroad company;	
33	(vi) the property damaged was any rail, switch, roadbed,	
34	viaduct, bridge, trestle, culvert, or embankment on a	
35	right-of-way owned, leased, or operated by a railroad	
36	company; or	
37	(vii) the property damage or defacement was caused by paint	
38	or other markings; and	
39	(B) a Class D felony if:	
40	(i) the pecuniary loss is at least two thousand five hundred	
41	dollars (\$2,500);	
42	(ii) the damage causes a substantial interruption or	



1	impairment of utility service rendered to the public;
2	(iii) the damage is to a public record;
3	(iv) the property damaged contained data relating to a
4	person required to register as a sex or violent offender
5	under IC 11-8-8 and the person is a sex or violent offender
6	or was required to register as a sex or violent offender;
7	(v) the damage causes substantial interruption or impairment
8	of work conducted in a scientific research facility;
9	(vi) the damage is to a law enforcement animal (as defined
10	in IC 35-46-3-4.5); or
11	(vii) the damage causes substantial interruption or
12	impairment of work conducted in a food processing facility.
13	(b) A person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally damages:
14	(1) a structure used for religious worship;
15	(2) a school or community center;
16	(3) the grounds:
17	(A) adjacent to; and
18	(B) owned or rented in common with;
19	a structure or facility identified in subdivision (1) or (2); or
20	(4) personal property contained in a structure or located at a
21	facility identified in subdivision (1) or (2);
22	without the consent of the owner, possessor, or occupant of the
23	property that is damaged, commits institutional criminal mischief, a
24	Class A misdemeanor. However, the offense is a Class D felony if the
25	pecuniary loss is at least two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) but less than
26	two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), and a Class C felony if the
27	pecuniary loss is at least two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
28	(c) If a person is convicted of an offense under this section that
29	involves the use of graffiti, the court may, in addition to any other
30	penalty, order that the person's operator's license be suspended or
31	invalidated by the bureau of motor vehicles for not more than one (1)
32	year.
33	(d) The court may rescind an order for suspension or invalidation
34	under subsection (c) and allow the person to receive a license or permit
35	before the period of suspension or invalidation ends if the court
36	determines that:
37	(1) the person has removed or painted over the graffiti or has
38	made other suitable restitution; and
39	(2) the person who owns the property damaged or defaced by the
40	criminal mischief or institutional criminal mischief is satisfied
41	with the removal, painting, or other restitution performed by the
42	person.



person.

1	SECTION 29. IC 35-50-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.151-2006,
2	SECTION 28, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.140-2006, SECTION 36
3	AND P.L.173-2006, SECTION 36, IS CORRECTED AND
4	AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]:
5	Sec. 2. (a) The court may suspend any part of a sentence for a felony,
6	except as provided in this section or in section 2.1 of this chapter.
7	(b) With respect to the following crimes listed in this subsection, the
8	court may suspend only that part of the sentence that is in excess of the
9	minimum sentence, unless the court has approved placement of the
10	offender in a forensic diversion program under IC 11-12-3.7:
11	(1) The crime committed was a Class A or Class B felony and the
12	person has a prior unrelated felony conviction.
13	(2) The crime committed was a Class C felony and less than seven
14	(7) years have elapsed between the date the person was
15	discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever
16	is later, for a prior unrelated felony conviction and the date the
17	person committed the Class C felony for which the person is
18	being sentenced.
19	(3) The crime committed was a Class D felony and less than three
20	(3) years have elapsed between the date the person was
21	discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever
22	is later, for a prior unrelated felony conviction and the date the
23	person committed the Class D felony for which the person is
24	being sentenced. However, the court may suspend the minimum
25	sentence for the crime only if the court orders home detention
26	under IC 35-38-1-21 or IC 35-38-2.5-5 instead of the minimum
27	sentence specified for the crime under this chapter.
28	(4) The felony committed was:
29	(A) murder (IC 35-42-1-1);
30	(B) battery (IC 35-42-2-1) with a deadly weapon or battery
31	causing death;
32	(C) sexual battery (IC 35-42-4-8) with a deadly weapon;
33	(D) kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2);
34	(E) confinement (IC 35-42-3-3) with a deadly weapon;
35	(F) rape (IC 35-42-4-1) as a Class A felony;
36	(G) criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2) as a Class A
37	felony;
38	(H) child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3) as a Class A or Class B
39	felony;
40	(I) robbery (IC 35-42-5-1) resulting in serious bodily injury or
41	with a deadly weapon;
12	(I) argan (IC 25 12 1 1) for hira or regulting in serious hadily



1	injury;	
2	(K) burglary (IC 35-43-2-1) resulting in serious bodily injury	
3	or with a deadly weapon;	
4	(L) resisting law enforcement (IC 35-44-3-3) with a deadly	
5	weapon;	
6	(M) escape (IC 35-44-3-5) with a deadly weapon;	
7	(N) rioting (IC 35-45-1-2) with a deadly weapon;	
8	(O) dealing in cocaine or a narcotic drug or methamphetamine	
9	(IC 35-48-4-1) if the court finds the person possessed a firearm	_
.0	(as defined in IC 35-47-1-5) at the time of the offense, or the	
.1	person delivered or intended to deliver to a person under	
2	eighteen (18) years of age at least three (3) years junior to the	
.3	person and was on a school bus or within one thousand (1,000)	
4	feet of:	
.5	(i) school property;	
.6	(ii) a public park;	
.7	(iii) a family housing complex; or	
. 8	(iv) a youth program center;	
9	(P) dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1) if the court	
20	finds the person possessed a firearm (as defined in	
21	IC 35-47-1-5) at the time of the offense, or the person	
22	delivered or intended to deliver the methamphetamine pure or	
23	adulterated to a person under eighteen (18) years of age at	
24	least three (3) years junior to the person and was on a school	
2.5	bus or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:	
26	(i) school property;	
27	(ii) a public park;	
28	(iii) a family housing complex; or	
29	(iv) a youth program center;	
30	(Q) dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance	
51	(IC 35-48-4-2) if the court finds the person possessed a firearm	
32	(as defined in IC 35-47-1-5) at the time of the offense, or the	
33	person delivered or intended to deliver to a person under	
34	eighteen (18) years of age at least three (3) years junior to the	
35	person and was on a school bus or within one thousand (1,000)	
66	feet of:	
37	(i) school property;	
8	(ii) a public park;	
19	(iii) a family housing complex; or	
10	(iv) a youth program center;	
1	(Q) (R) an offense under IC 9-30-5 (operating a vehicle while	
12	intoxicated) and the person who committed the offense has	



1	accumulated at least two (2) prior unrelated convictions under	
2	IC 9-30-5;	
3	$\frac{(R)}{(S)}$ (S) an offense under IC 9-30-5-5(b) (operating a vehicle	
4	while intoxicated causing death); or	
5	$\frac{(S)}{(T)}$ aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5).	
6	(c) Except as provided in subsection (e), whenever the court	
7	suspends a sentence for a felony, it shall place the person on probation	
8	under IC 35-38-2 for a fixed period to end not later than the date that	
9	the maximum sentence that may be imposed for the felony will expire.	
.0	(d) The minimum sentence for a person convicted of voluntary	
.1	manslaughter may not be suspended unless the court finds at the	
. 2	sentencing hearing that the crime was not committed by means of a	
.3	deadly weapon.	
.4	(e) Whenever the court suspends that part of the sentence of an a	
.5	sex offender's or violent offender (as defined in 1C 5-2-12-4)	
.6	IC 11-8-8-5) sentence that is suspendible under subsection (b), the	
.7	court shall place the sex or violent offender on probation under	
. 8	IC 35-38-2 for not more than ten (10) years.	
.9	(f) An additional term of imprisonment imposed under	
20	IC 35-50-2-11 may not be suspended.	
2.1	(g) A term of imprisonment imposed under IC 35-47-10-6 or	
22	IC 35-47-10-7 may not be suspended if the commission of the offense	
23	was knowing or intentional.	
24	(h) A term of imprisonment imposed for an offense under	
25	IC $35-48-4-6(b)(1)(B)$ or IC $35-48-4-6.1(b)(1)(B)$ may not be	
26	suspended.	
27	SECTION 30. IC 36-2-13-5.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2006,	
28	SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
29	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5.5. (a) The sheriffs shall jointly establish and	
0	maintain an Indiana sex and violent offender registry web site, known	
51	as the Indiana sex and violent offender registry, to inform the general	
32	public about the identity, location, and appearance of every sex or	
33	violent offender residing within Indiana. The web site must provide	
34	information regarding each sex or violent offender, organized by	
35	county of residence. The web site shall be updated at least daily.	
66	(b) The Indiana sex and violent offender registry web site must	
37	include the following information:	
8	(1) A recent photograph of every sex or violent offender who has	
9	registered with a sheriff. after the effective date of this chapter.	
10	(2) The home address of every sex or violent offender.	
1	(3) The information required under IC 11-8-8-8.	
12	(c) Every time a sex or violent offender registers, but at least once	



1	per year, the sheriff shall photograph the sex or violent offender. The
2	sheriff shall place this photograph on the Indiana sex and violent
3	offender registry web site.
4	(d) The photograph of a sex or violent offender described in
5	subsection (c) must meet the following requirements:
6	(1) The photograph must be full face, front view, with a plain
7	white or off-white background.
8	(2) The image of the offender's face, measured from the bottom
9	of the chin to the top of the head, must fill at least seventy-five
10	percent (75%) of the photograph.
11	(3) The photograph must be in color.
12	(4) The photograph must show the offender dressed in normal
13	street attire, without a hat or headgear that obscures the hair or
14	hairline.
15	(5) If the offender normally and consistently wears prescription
16	glasses, a hearing device, wig, or a similar article, the photograph
17	must show the offender wearing those items. A photograph may
18	not include dark glasses or nonprescription glasses with tinted
19	lenses unless the offender can provide a medical certificate
20	demonstrating that tinted lenses are required for medical reasons.
21	(6) The photograph must have sufficient resolution to permit the
22	offender to be easily identified by a person accessing the Indiana
23	sex and violent offender registry web site.
24	(e) The Indiana sex and violent offender registry web site may be
25	funded from:
26	(1) the jail commissary fund (IC 36-8-10-21);
27	(2) a grant from the criminal justice institute; and
28	(3) any other source, subject to the approval of the county fiscal
29	body.
30	SECTION 31. IC 36-3-1-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,
31	SECTION 559, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
32	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5.1. (a) Except for those duties that
33	are reserved by law to the county sheriff in this section, the city-county
34	legislative body may by majority vote adopt an ordinance, approved by
35	the mayor, to consolidate the police department of the consolidated city
36	and the county sheriff's department.
37	(b) The city-county legislative body may not adopt an ordinance
38	under this section unless it first:
39	(1) holds a public hearing on the proposed consolidation; and
40	(2) determines that:
41	(A) reasonable and adequate police protection can be provided



through the consolidation; and

1	(B) the consolidation is in the public interest.	
2	(c) If an ordinance is adopted under this section, the consolidation	
3	shall take effect on the date specified in the ordinance.	
4	(d) Notwithstanding any other law, an ordinance adopted under this	
5	section must provide that the county sheriff's department shall be	
6	responsible for all the following for the consolidated city and the	
7	county under the direction and control of the sheriff:	
8	(1) County jail operations and facilities.	
9	(2) Emergency communications.	
10	(3) Security for buildings and property owned by:	
11	(A) the consolidated city;	
12	(B) the county; or	
13	(C) both the consolidated city and county.	
14	(4) Service of civil process and collection of taxes under tax	
15	warrants.	_
16	(5) Sex or violent offender registration.	
17	(e) The following apply if an ordinance is adopted under this	
18	section:	
19	(1) The department of local government finance, on	
20	recommendation from the local government tax control board,	
21	shall adjust the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax	
22	levy of the consolidated city and the county for property taxes first	
23	due and payable in the year a consolidation takes effect under this	
24	section. When added together, the adjustments under this	_
25	subdivision must total zero (0).	
26	(2) The ordinance must specify which law enforcement officers	
27	of the police department and which law enforcement officers of	
28	the county sheriff's department shall be law enforcement officers	Y
29	of the consolidated law enforcement department.	
30	(3) The ordinance may not prohibit the providing of law	
31	enforcement services for an excluded city under an interlocal	
32	agreement under IC 36-1-7.	
33	(4) A member of the county police force who:	
34	(A) was an employee beneficiary of the sheriff's pension trust	
35	before the consolidation of the law enforcement departments;	
36	and	
37	(B) after the consolidation becomes a law enforcement officer	
38	of the consolidated law enforcement department;	
39	remains an employee beneficiary of the sheriff's pension trust.	
40	The member retains, after the consolidation, credit in the sheriff's	
41	pension trust for service earned while a member of the county	
12	police force and continues to earn service credit in the sheriff's	



1	pension trust as a member of the consolidated law enforcement
2	department for purposes of determining the member's benefits
3	from the sheriff's pension trust.
4	(5) A member of the police department of the consolidated city
5	who:
6	(A) was a member of the 1953 fund or the 1977 fund before
7	the consolidation of the law enforcement departments; and
8	(B) after the consolidation becomes a law enforcement officer
9	of the consolidated law enforcement department;
10	remains a member of the 1953 fund or the 1977 fund. The
11	member retains, after the consolidation, credit in the 1953 fund or
12	the 1977 fund for service earned while a member of the police
13	department of the consolidated city and continues to earn service
14	credit in the 1953 fund or the 1977 fund as a member of the
15	consolidated law enforcement department for purposes of
16	determining the member's benefits from the 1953 fund or the
17	1977 fund.
18	(6) The ordinance must designate the merit system that shall
19	apply to the law enforcement officers of the consolidated law
20	enforcement department.
21	(7) The ordinance must designate who shall serve as a coapplicant
22	for a warrant or an extension of a warrant under IC 35-33.5-2.
23	(8) The consolidated city may levy property taxes within the
24	consolidated city's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax
25	levy limit to provide for the payment of the expenses for the
26	operation of the consolidated law enforcement department. The
27	police special service district established under section 6 of this
28	chapter may levy property taxes to provide for the payment of
29	expenses for the operation of the consolidated law enforcement
30	department within the territory of the police special service
31	district. Property taxes to fund the pension obligation under
32	IC 36-8-7.5 may be levied only by the police special service
33	district within the police special service district. The consolidated
34	city may not levy property taxes to fund the pension obligation
35	under IC 36-8-7.5. Property taxes to fund the pension obligation
36	under IC 36-8-8 for members of the 1977 police officers' and
37	firefighters' pension and disability fund who were members of the
38	police department of the consolidated city on the effective date of
39	the consolidation may be levied only by the police special service
40	district within the police special service district. Property taxes to
41	fund the pension obligation under IC 36-8-10 for members of the

sheriff's pension trust and under IC 36-8-8 for members of the



1	1977 police officers' and firefighters' pension and disability fund
2	who were not members of the police department of the
3	consolidated city on the effective date of the consolidation may be
4	levied by the consolidated city within the consolidated city's
5	maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy. The assets of
6	the consolidated city's 1953 fund and the assets of the sheriff's
7	pension trust may not be pledged after the effective date of the
8	consolidation as collateral for any loan.
9	(9) The executive of the consolidated city shall provide for an
10	independent evaluation and performance audit, due before March
11	1 of the year following the adoption of the consolidation
12	ordinance and for the following two (2) years, to determine:
13	(A) the amount of any cost savings, operational efficiencies, or
14	improved service levels; and
15	(B) any tax shifts among taxpayers;
16	that result from the consolidation. The independent evaluation
17	and performance audit must be provided to the legislative council
18	in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 and to the state budget
19	committee.
20	SECTION 32. IC 36-8-10-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 21. (a) This section
22	applies to any county that has a jail commissary that sells merchandise
23	to inmates.
24	(b) A jail commissary fund is established, referred to in this section
25	as "the fund". The fund is separate from the general fund, and money
26	in the fund does not revert to the general fund.
27	(c) The sheriff, or his the sheriff's designee, shall deposit all money
28	from commissary sales into the fund, which he the sheriff or the
29	sheriff's designee shall keep in a depository designated under
30	IC 5-13-8.
31	(d) The sheriff, or his the sheriff's designee, at his the sheriff's or
32	the sheriff's designee's discretion and without appropriation by the
33	county fiscal body, may disburse money from the fund for:
34	(1) merchandise for resale to inmates through the commissary;
35	(2) expenses of operating the commissary, including, but not
36	limited to, facilities and personnel;
37	(3) special training in law enforcement for employees of the
38	sheriff's department;
39	(4) equipment installed in the county jail;
40	(5) equipment, including vehicles and computers, computer

software, communication devices, office machinery and

furnishings, cameras and photographic equipment, animals,



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1	animal training, holding and feeding equipment and supplies, or
2	attire used by an employee of the sheriff's department in the
3	course of the employee's official duties;
4	(6) an activity provided to maintain order and discipline among
5	the inmates of the county jail;
6	(7) an activity or program of the sheriff's department intended to
7	reduce or prevent occurrences of criminal activity, including the
8	following:
9	(A) Substance abuse.
10	(B) Child abuse.
11	(C) Domestic violence.
12	(D) Drinking and driving.
13	(E) Juvenile delinquency;
14	(8) expenses related to the establishment, operation, or
15	maintenance of the sex and violent offender registry web site
16	under IC 36-2-13-5.5; or
17	(9) any other purpose that benefits the sheriff's department that is
18	mutually agreed upon by the county fiscal body and the county
19	sheriff.
20	Money disbursed from the fund under this subsection must be
21	supplemental or in addition to, rather than a replacement for, regular
22	appropriations made to carry out the purposes listed in subdivisions (1)
23	through (8).
24	(e) The sheriff shall maintain a record of the fund's receipts and
25	disbursements. The state board of accounts shall prescribe the form for
26	this record. The sheriff shall semiannually provide a copy of this record
27	of receipts and disbursements to the county fiscal body. The
28	semiannual reports are due on July 1 and December 31 of each year.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 21, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Delete the title and insert the following:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

(SEE TEXT OF BILL)

and when so amended that said bill be reassigned to the Senate Committee on Corrections, Criminal and Civil Matters.

(Reference is to SB 21 as introduced.)

LONG, Chairperson

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